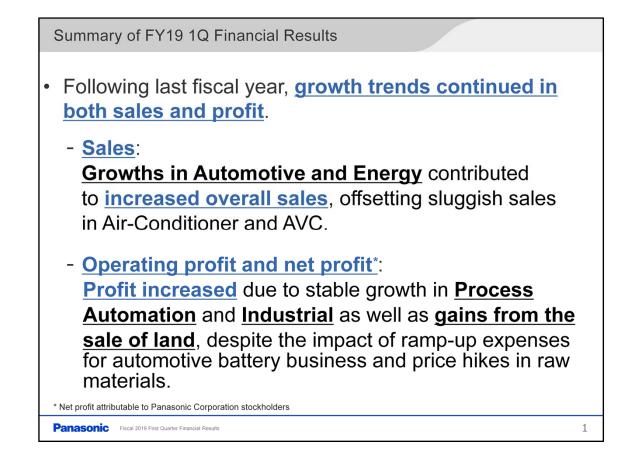


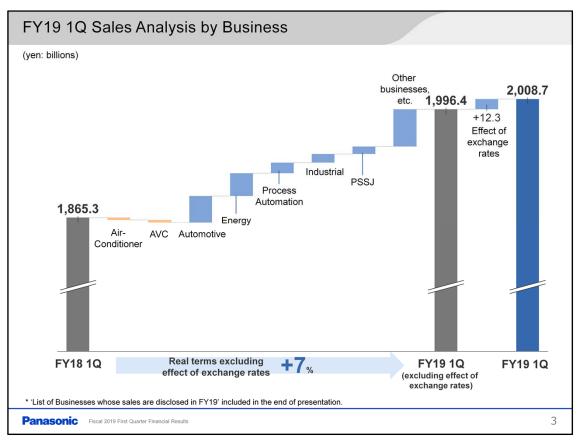
 This presentation gives Panasonic's consolidated financial results for the first quarter of fiscal 2019 (FY19) ended June 30, 2018.



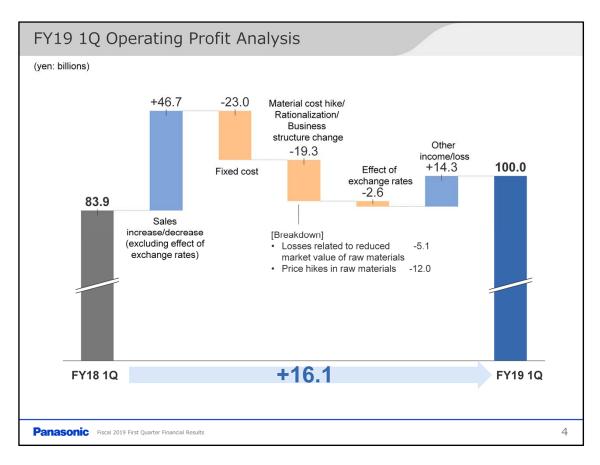
- This shows the summary of the financial results for the first quarter of FY19.
- Following the direction of last fiscal year, we saw increases in both sales and profits continuing into the first quarter of FY19.
- Overall sales significantly increased due to growth mainly from Automotive and Energy, offsetting sluggish sales in Air-Conditioner and AVC.
- Overall operating profit and net profit attributable to Panasonic Corporation stockholders increased due to stable growth in Process Automation and Industrial, as well as a one-off gain from the sale of land, despite the impact of ramp-up expenses for the automotive battery business and price hikes in raw materials.

yen: billions)		FY19 1Q	FY18 1Q	vs. FY18 / Diffe	erence
Sales		2,008.7	1,865.3	+8% (+7%)*	+143.4
Operating profit		100.0	83.9	+19%	+16.1
Other income/loss **		18.4	4.1	—	+14.3
Non-operating income/loss		2.2	-1.9	—	+4.1
Profit before income taxes		102.2	82.0	+25%	+20.2
Net profit attributable to Panasonic Corporation stockholders		57.4	48.8	+18%	+8.6
Exchange rates	1 US dollar	109 yen	111 yen		
	1 Euro	130 yen	122 yen		
	1 Renminbi	17.1 yen	16.2 yen	 In real terms excluding the eff ** Other income/loss = Other inc 	ome (expenses) +
				Share of profit investments ac equity method	counted for using the

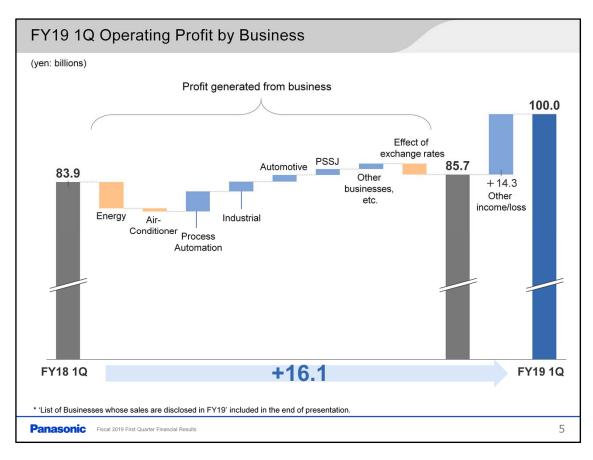
- This table shows the consolidated financial results for the first quarter of FY19.
- Sales increased by 8% to 2,008.7 billion yen from the same period last year.
- Operating profit increased by 16.1 billion yen to 100.0 billion yen, and net profit increased by 8.6 billion yen to 57.4 billion yen.



- This graph gives our sales analysis by Businesses whose sales are disclosed.
- Sales in Air-Conditioner were down in regions such as Asia, and sales in AVC also decreased.
- On the other hand, in Automotive, Automotive Infotainment Systems business continued to grow favorably in step with the global increases in vehicle sales.
- In Energy, sales in automotive batteries significantly increased.
- In addition, sales in Process Automation increased along with robust demand for mounting machines and welding equipment.
- In Industrial, sales increased with growing sales in automotive- and industrial-use products.



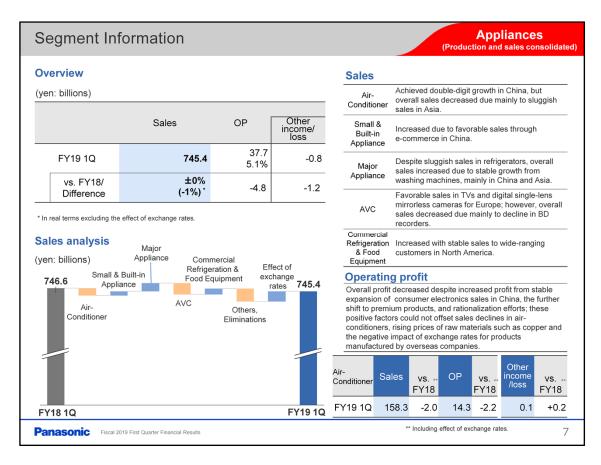
- Next, let's look at year-on-year changes in operating profit.
- Profit generated by sales expansion was 46.7 billion yen.
- Fixed costs increased by 23.0 billion yen due mainly to expansion of our automotive battery business.
- Also, due to losses related to reduced market value and price hikes for raw materials, profit decreased by 19.3 billion yen.
- The effect of exchanges rates resulted in a decrease of 2.6 billion yen.
- Meanwhile, other income/loss improved by 14.3 billion yen due mainly to gains from the sale of land.
- Overall operating profit increased by 16.1 billion yen to 100.0 billion yen.



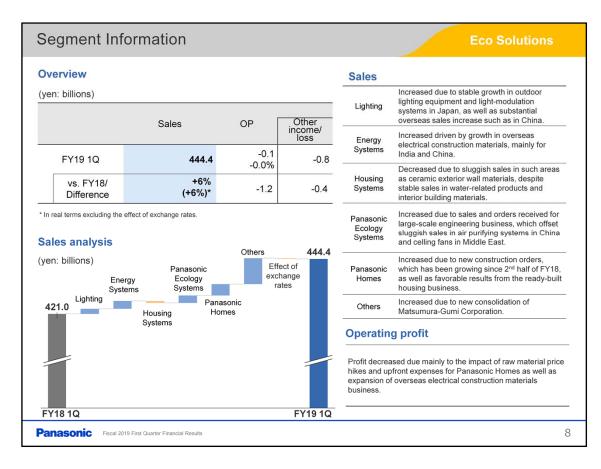
- This shows our analysis of year-on-year changes in operating profit by the Businesses whose sales are disclosed.
- In Energy, profit decreased due to ramp-up expenses for the automotive battery factory.
- In Air-Conditioner, profit decreased due mainly to loss resulting from decreased sales.
- On the other hand, profits increased from businesses such as Process Automation and Industrial, whose sales continued to be favorable.

(yen: billions)	pi (i						
	Sales	vs. FY18	Excl. effect of exchange rates	Operating profit	vs. FY18	Other income/loss	vs. FY18
Appliances	720.2	-1%	-2%	39.1	-6.8	-0.8	-1.2
Eco Solutions *	444.4	+6%	+6%	-0.1	-1.2	-0.8	-0.4
Connected Solutions	274.3	+11%	+11%	22.4	+6.6	0.5	-0.8
Automotive & Industrial Systems	733.8	+12%	+11%	15.4	-2.7	1.2	+1.0
Other [*]	71.4	+14%	-	0.1	-2.8	-0.4	-4.7
Eliminations and adjustments	-235.4	_	_	23.1	+23.0	18.7	+20.4
Total	2,008.7	+8%	+7%	100.0	+16.1	18.4	+14.3
Appliances (production and sales consolidated)	745.4	±0%	-1%	37.7	-4.8	-0.8	-1.2

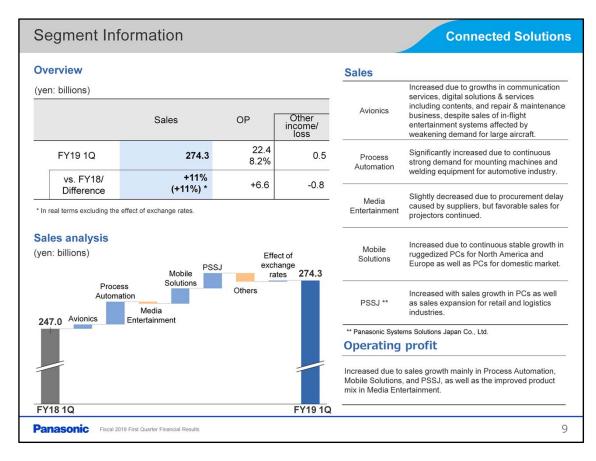
Next, let's look at the results by segment.
 I will explain the details from the next slide.



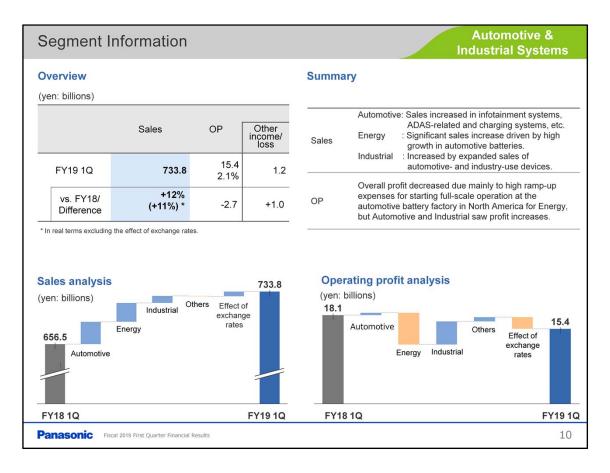
- First, the results for Appliances, based on consolidated production and sales.
- Sales decreased by 1% from last year in real terms, excluding the effect of exchange rates.
- In China, sales increased due to favorable sales growth through e-commerce; however, sales in Air-Conditioner were sluggish mainly in Asia. AVC also saw a sales decrease, and overall sales remained at the same level as last year.
- Overall operating profit decreased, since even increased profits from sales expansion in China, the further shift to premium products for consumer electronics, and rationalization efforts could not offset decreased sales in air-conditioners, raw material price hikes, and the negative impact of exchange rates.
- With regard to raw materials, since prices are becoming stable, the impact of price hikes is expected to shrink from the second quarter onward.
- Despite the current severe circumstances, we will continue to make efforts to increase profits from the second quarter onward through further sales expansion mainly in China, where businesses continue to grow favorably, as well as through enhancing rationalization and fixed-cost management.



- Next, let's look at Eco Solutions.
- Sales increased by 6% from last year in real terms, excluding the effect of exchange rates.
- In addition to the effect of the new consolidation of Matsumura-Gumi Corporation, overall sales increased thanks to sales expansion for overseas electrical construction materials business in key markets such as India and China, as well as stable results for the ready-built housing business of Panasonic Homes.
- Operating profit decreased due to upfront expenses for Panasonic Homes as well as for expansion of the overseas electrical construction materials business.



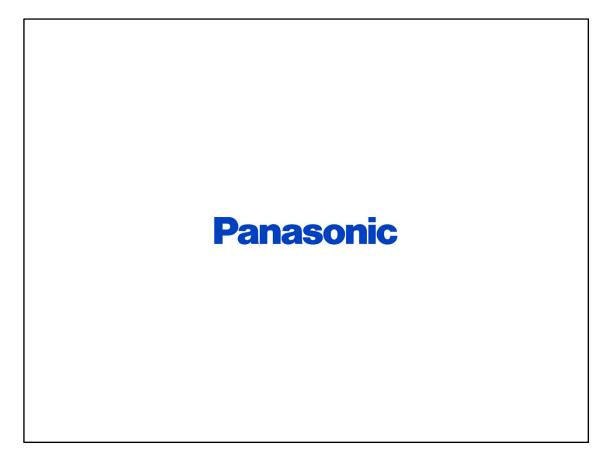
- Next, let's look at Connected Solutions.
- Sales increased by 11% from last year in real terms, excluding the effect of exchange rates.
- In Process Automation, sales increased significantly due to favorable sales in mounting machines and welding equipment for the automotive industry.
- In Mobile Solutions, sales increased due to continuous stable growth in PCs for North America, Europe, and domestic markets.
- Furthermore, sales in PSSJ increased with sales growth from PCs and sales expansion for retail and logistics industries.
- Overall operating profit increased due to sales growth in Process Automation, Mobile Solutions, and PSSJ, as well as the improved product mix in Media Entertainment.



- Finally, let's look at Automotive & Industrial Systems.
- Sales increased by 11% from last year in real terms, excluding the effect of exchange rates; this was driven by Automotive Infotainment Systems and the automotive battery business.
- Overall operating profit decreased due mainly to ramp-up expenses for the automotive battery factory in North America, but there were improvements in profitability through sales expansion and rationalization efforts in Industrial.

Results by b	usiness						
FY19 1Q	Sales	vs. FY18	Excl. effect of exchange rates	Operating profit	vs. FY18 *	Other income/ loss	vs. FY18 *
Automotive	243.3	+18%	+16%	7.6	+0.7	0.7	-1.1
Energy	154.5	+21%	+22%	-8.4	-6.7	-1.1	-0.2
Industrial	240.2	+5%	+4%	10.4	+2.2	1.5	+2.2
Automotive	Sales for OP: Increase	ADAS-related	l products such a ales expansion tl	lapanese, Europe as cameras and s nat offset increase	ean, and U.S. c sonars, in addit ed fixed costs i	ion to chargir n R&D.	urers. Favorable ng systems.
Energy	Sales: Increased with significant growth in automotive batteries (cylindrical and prismatic types) and sales expansion of power storage systems. OP: Decreased due mainly to ramp-up expenses for the automotive battery factory in North America, despite efforts to expand automotive battery businesses and to implement rationalization.						
	Sales: Increases were driven by growth in industrial-use conductive capacitors, in addition to automotive-use passive components and EV relays.						
Industrial OP: In addition to profit increase from sales expansion, efforts in rationalization and fixe as well as improvement of other income/loss (selling of patents, etc.) helped offset of exchange rates.							

- In Automotive, overall sales increased due to growth mainly from infotainment systems whose sales continue to grow for Japanese, U.S, and European car manufacturers, ADAS-related products and electrification-related equipment such as charging systems. Overall operating profit was increased by sales expansion, despite increased fixed costs such as those in R&D.
- In Energy, overall sales increased with significant growth in automotive batteries, for both cylindrical and prismatic types, as well as expanded sales of power storage systems.
 However, operating profit decreased due to factors such as the increase in ramp-up expenses.
- Sales in Industrial increased due to stable growth in automotiveand industrial-use devices.
 Operating profit also increased due to the positive impact of sales expansion, improved profitability, and one-off profits.



- This is the explanation of the results for the first quarter of fiscal 2019.
- In the first quarter, consumer electronics sales faced a severe situation, in addition to increased upfront expenses for the automotive batteries.
- From the second quarter onward, sales in the automotive battery business will continue to grow and are expected to contribute to increased profit in the second half of this fiscal year. Meanwhile, we will further enhance our rationalization efforts and fixed-cost management.
- Panasonic will continue to strive toward achieving its FY19 financial forecast through comprehensive Company-wide efforts.
- Thank you very much for your continuous support and understanding.

Disclaimer Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This presentation includes forward-looking statements (that include those within the meaning of Section 27A of the U.S. Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended) about Panasonic and its Group companies (the Panasonic Group). To the extent that statements in this presentation do not relate to historical or current facts, they constitute forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on the current assumptions and beliefs of the Panasonic Group in light of the information currently available to it, and involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors. Such risks, uncertainties and other factors may cause the Panasonic Group's actual results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements or financial a position to be materially different from any future results, performance, achievements are forward-looking statements after the date of this presentation. Furthermore, figures in the presentation, at the time of the disclosure, are under the review procedure based on Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (the FIEA) and other publicly disc

The risks, uncertainties and other factors referred to above include, but are not limited to, economic conditions, particularly consumer spending and corporate capital expenditures in the Americas, Europe, Japan, China and other Asian countries; volatility in demand for electronic equipment and components from business and industrial customers, as well as consumers in many product and geographical markets; the possibility that excessive currency rate fluctuations of the U.S. dollar, the euro, the Chinese yuan and other currencies against the yen may adversely affect costs and prices of Panasonic's products and services and certain other transactions that are denominated in these foreign currencies; the possibility of the Panasonic Group not being able to respond to rapid technological changes and changing consumer preferences with timely and cost-effective introductions of new products or in markets that are highly competitive in terms of both price and technology; the possibility of not achieving expected results or incurring unexpected losses in connection with the alliances or mergers and acquisitions; the possibility of not being able to achieve its business objectives through joint ventures and other collaborative agreements with other companies, including due to the pressure of price reduction exceeding that which can be achieve by its effort and decrease in demand for products from business partners which Panasonic highly depends on in BtoB business areas; the possibility of incurring expenses resulting from any defects in products or services of the Panasonic Group pictuations in market prices of securities and other financial assets in which the Panasonic Group has holdings or changes in valuation of non-financial assets, including property, plant and equipment, goodwill and deferred tax assets; future changes or revisions to accounting policies or accounting rules; the possibility of incurring expenses of securities and other countries vert thad many negatively impact business activities of the Panaso

(yen: billions)			
	FY19 1Q	FY18 1Q	vs. FY18
Operating profit	100.0	83.9	+16.1
Non-operating income/loss	2.2	-1.9	+4.1
Profit before income taxes	102.2	82.0	+20.2
Income taxes	-40.7	-29.8	-10.9
Net profit	61.5	52.2	+9.3
Net profit attributable to Panasonic Corporation stockholders	57.4	48.8	+8.6
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests	4.1	3.4	+0.7

(Reference)	Segments and Busines	s Divisions (as of	July 31, 2018)	
Appliances (AP)	TV BDImaging Network BDHome Entertainment BD	 Laundry Systems and Vacuum Cleaner BD Kitchen Appliances BD Beauty and Living BD Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Devices BD 	 Smart Energy System BD Cold Chain BD Hussmann Corporation 	
Eco Solutions (ES)	 Lighting BD Energy Systems BD Housing Systems BD Panasonic Ecology Systems Co., Ltd. Panasonic Homes Co., Ltd. Panasonic Cycle Technology Co., Ltd. 			
Connected Solutions (CNS)	 Panasonic Avionics Corporation Process Automation BD Media Entertainment BD Mobile Solutions BD Security Systems BD Panasonic System Solutions Japan Compared to the security System Solutions S	., Ltd.		
Automotive & Industrial Systems (AIS)	Systems BDAutomotive Electronics	 Energy Solutions BD Tesla Energy BD Automotive Energy BD Electromechanical Control BD 	 Panasonic Semiconductor Solutions Co., Ltd. Device Solutions BD Electronic Materials BD Panasonic Liquid Crystal Display Co., Ltd. 	
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(Reference)	List of Businesses who	ose sales are disclosed in FY19
Appliances (AP)	 Air-Conditioner Business Small & Built-in Appliance Business Major Appliance Business AVC Business Commercial Refrigeration & Food Equipment Business 	 Air-Conditioner Company Kitchen Appliances BD, Beauty and Living BD Refrigerator BD, Laundry Systems and Vacuum Cleaner BD TV BD, Imaging Network BD, Home Entertainment BD, Communication Products BD Cold Chain BD, Hussmann Corporation
Eco Solutions (ES)	 Lighting BD Energy Systems BD Housing Systems BD Panasonic Ecology Systems Co., Ltd. Panasonic Homes Co., Ltd. 	
Connected Solutions (CNS)	 Avionics Business Process Automation BD Media Entertainment BD Mobile Solutions BD PSSJ 	: Panasonic Avionics Corporation, Avionics BU : Panasonic System Solutions Japan Co., Ltd.
Automotive & Industrial Systems (AIS)	Automotive BusinessEnergy BusinessIndustrial Business	 Automotive Infotainment Systems BD, Automotive Electronics Systems BD, Ficosa International, S.A. Energy Device BD, Energy Solutions BD, Tesla Energy BD, Automotive Energy BD Electromechanical Control BD, Panasonic Semiconductor Solutions Co., Ltd., Device Solutions BD, Electronic Materials BD Panasonic Liquid Crystal Display Co., Ltd.
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