New Mid-term Strategy

May 9, 2019 Panasonic Corporation

Notes: 1. This is an English translation from the original presentation in Japanese.

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2. In this presentation, "Fiscal 2020" or "FY20" refers to the year ending March 31, 2020.

Review of Previous 3-year Period New Mid-term Strategy

Review of Previous 3-year Period Aimed at sustainable growth by focusing on automotive-related business, however profit stagnated Sales Profitability deteriorated in automotive-related (yen: billions) businesses, which were expected to serve as Effect of growth drivers Low-Exchange Stable- profitable **Automotive** growth High-Others High-Despite sales expansion, R&D expenses growth growth significantly increased Automotive cylindrical batteries FY18 FY20 (e) Lacked ability to address risks associated with rapid growth scenario Operating Profit* *Excluding other income/loss (yen: billions) Difference from FY19 initial forecast Profitability declined in businesses which were -133.0 expected to support stable profits Effect of Exchange **Consumer Electronics** Stablerates Sluggish profitability except in Japan and China growth 20% 20% Housing Profit struggled to grow due to weakened sales mix growth Stable-Others growth Lowprofitable Low-Lacked sense of speed in structural reforms FY20 (e) FY18 profitable FY18: 380.5 - (-20.7) = 401.2 FY19: 411.5 -84.5 = 327.0 FY20 (e): 300.0 ± 0 = 300.0 2 **Panasonic** New Mid-term Strategy

Review of Previous 3-year Period New Mid-term Strategy

Outline of New Mid-term Strategy

Executing portfolio management

Achieve both profit growth and improved profitability by transcending the boundaries of the Company and organizations

with new business classifications

Thoroughly strengthening management structure

Reduce fixed costs toward 100.0 billion yen profit contribution; Carry out selection and concentration of businesses Aiming toward "Lifestyle Updates"

Become a Company that achieves "Lifestyle Updates" reflecting ongoing social transformation

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New Mid-term Portfolio Business Classification

Drastically revise business directions and policies for resource investment

Previous

High-growth business

Stable-growth business

Low-profitable business

- $\hbox{\bf \cdot} \ \, \text{For High-growth business, sales expanded but profit did not increase as expected} \\$
- For Stable-growth business, could not allocate enough resources, hurting competiveness
 Consequently, it became difficult to generate stable profits

New classifications

Core growth business

Revitalization business

Co-creation business

- · Drastically revise business direction
- Toward business development, consider ways of using resources beyond the Company's own resources

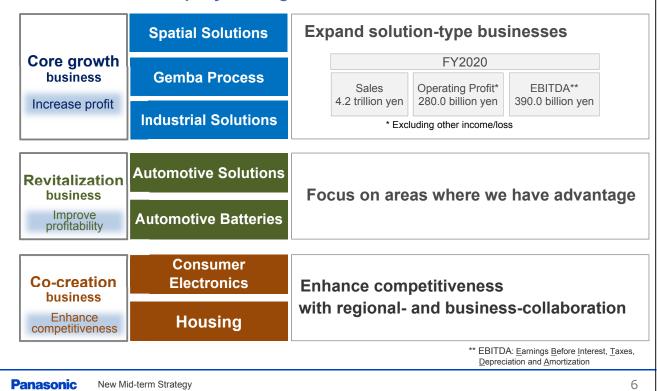
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New Mid-term Portfolio Business Classification

Achieve both profit growth and improved profitability by transcending the boundaries of the Company and organizations with new business classifications





Core Growth Business for New Mid-term

Achieve growth with strong business foundation and evolution of business model

Spatial Solutions



- Expand customized solutions business with original BIM* + key products
- · Strengthen foundation by expanding overseas sales

* BIM or Building Information Modeling is a system for utilizing database for a building across every process including design, construction, and maintenance.



- · Provide consulting and solution services for issues at the Gemba
- Strengthen recurring business by setting role models of solutions business to apply horizontally

Industrial Solutions



- Increase top-market-share products in the industry through further enhancement of product competitiveness
- Expand systems/module products and provide suitable solutions meeting customer needs

Also consider inorganic investment to strengthen organizational capabilities in areas such as software

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Core Growth Business for New Mid-term Proactively shift resources and drive Company-wide profit growth **Transition in EBITDA*** (Core growth business total) **EBITDA structure*** (yen: billions) 500 FY20 10.7% EBITDA margin Co-creation Core growth 9.3% 10.0% Approx. Spatial 70% 400 Solutions Revitalization Gemba Industrial Process Solutions Ratio is proportion of all 3 business classifications. * EBITDA: Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization. FY2017 2018 2020 2021 2022 2019 **Spatial Solutions** Gemba Process Industrial Solutions Ratio of B2B / Engineering Ratio of top-market-share business products Ratio of recurring business in **KPI** sales Ratio of overseas business in Ratio of system products operating profit

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Revitalization Business for New Mid-term Automotive Solutions & Automotive prismatic batteries Automotive cylindrical batteries Integrate both strengths by Rebuild business and establishing JV* prioritize profit improvement *Announced on January 22, 2019 **Panasonic** CEO Kusumi Sato Gebhardt Managing Executive Officer **Executive Vice Executive Officer** CEO, Automotive CEO, US Company President Company No.1 technological No.1 manufacturing **Automotive** Automotive cylindrical capability capability batteries Solutions **Accelerate R&D Establish stable** Optimize R&D Strengthen management structure resources by improving productivity supply structure **Panasonic** New Mid-term Strategy 10

Co-creation Business for New Mid-term

Enhance competitiveness through co-creation in regions and partners

Consumer Electronics

Strengthen competitiveness through joint efforts of Japan and China Expand refined strengths to other Asian markets

China | Japan

Accelerate narrowing down of regions and businesses

Other

Asian

markets

Housing

Establish a joint venture with
Toyota Motor Corporation
Create new value of living in an entire town

TOYOTA × **Panasonic**



Better and more comfortable "living" through home building and town development

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Enhance Management Structure/Optimize Senior Management

Thoroughly strengthen management structure

- Reduce fixed costs aiming at 100.0 billion yen of profit contribution
 - Radical measures to loss-making businesses
 - Improve efficiency in indirect operations, etc.
- Selection and concentration of businesses

Optimize senior management

(October, 2019)

Clarify responsibilities for Company-wide management and move toward a flexible businessexecution structure

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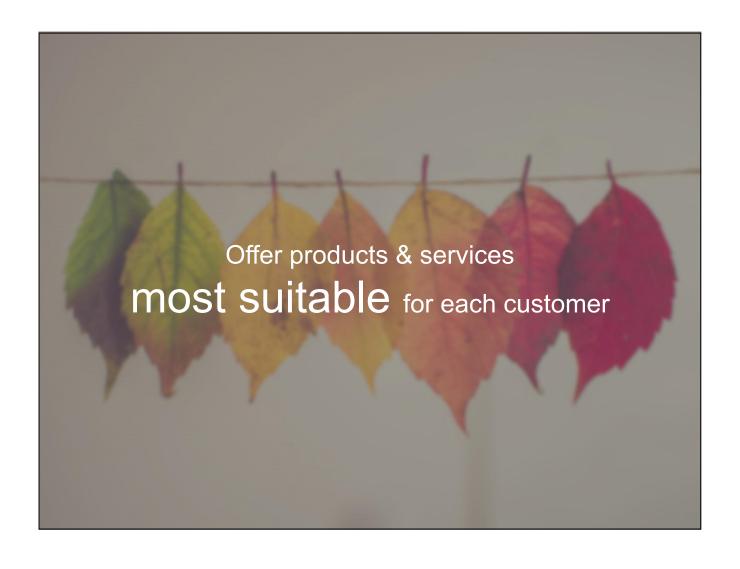
FY2022 onward Core growth business EBITDA* growth rate 5 – 10% EBITDA* margin 10% or more Companywide ROE 10% or more

Capital allocation policy

Allocate capital for Mid-term strategy with cash flow generated from business (operating CF, divestiture)

Note: Respond flexibly when investment opportunities arise before sufficient cash flow is generated from business

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Classification	Business areas	Appliances	Life Solutions	Connected Solutions	Automotive	Industrial Solutions	China & Northeast Asia	us
Core growth business	Spatial Solutions	0	0	0			0	
	Gemba Process	0		0			0	0
	Industrial Solutions					0		
Revitalization business	Automotive Solutions				0			0
	Automotive Batteries				0			0
Co-creation business	Consumer Electronics	0	0				0	
	Housing		0				0	