Fiscal 2020 Financial Results

May 18, 2020 Panasonic Corporation

Panasonic

Notes: 1. This is an English translation from the original presentation in Japanese.

2. In this presentation, "Fiscal 2020" or "FY20" refers to the year ended March 31, 2020.

In addition, "Fiscal 2021" or "FY21" refers to the year ending March 31, 2021.

Summary of FY20 Full-Year Results

Fiscal 2020 Financial Results

vs. forecast

- Results broadly in line with revised forecast (as of April 27, 2020)
- Overall sales decreased due to impact from spread of novel coronavirus disease (COVID-19), in addition to business portfolio reform and weak investment demand in China

vs. FY19

- Adjusted operating profit decreased with decreased sales despite steady progress such as reducing fixed costs
- Operating profit and net profit* decreased due mainly to business restructuring expenses
- FCF improved significantly and ensured sufficient cash liquidity

• Fiscal 2021 Forecast

 To be disclosed when reasonable calculations are possible, considering the great uncertainty of COVID-19 impact

^{*} Net profit attributable to Panasonic Corporation stockholders

FY20 Full-Year Results

- <u>Sales</u>: <u>Decreased</u> due to COVID-19 impact in addition to business portfolio reform and weak investment demand in China
- <u>Adjusted operating profit</u>: <u>Decreased</u> due to decreased sales, despite steady progress such as fixed cost reduction
- Operating profit and net profit: Decreased due mainly to restructuring expenses

(yen: billions)		FY20	FY20 FY19		vs. FY19 / Difference		FY20 (e) (as of Apr. 27, 2020)	vs.FY20(e) Difference
Sales		7,490.6	8,002.7		-6% (-5%)*	-512.1	7,450.0	+40.6
Adjusted o	pperating profit**	286.7 (3.8%)	327.0	(4.1%)	-12%	-40.3	290.0 (3.9%)	-3.3
Other income/loss***		7.1	84.5		-	-77.4	10.0	-2.9
Operating profit (OPM)		293.8 (3.9%)	411.5	(5.1%)	-29%	-117.7	300.0 (4.0%)	-6.2
Non-operating income/loss		-2.7	5.0		-	-7.7	-10.0	+7.3
Profit before income taxes		291.1	416.5		-30%	-125.4	290.0	+1.1
Net profit attributable to Panasonic Corporation stockholders		225.7	284.1		-21%	-58.4	210.0	+15.7
ROE		11.5%	15.7%			-4.2%		
Dividends (year-end)		30 yen (15 yen)	30 yen	(15 yen)	-	_		
	1 US dollar	109 yen		111 yen	* In real terms evoluting		the effect of exchange rates	
Exchange rates	1 Euro	121 yen		128 yen	** Adjuste	ed OP = Sales - 0	Cost of sales - SG&A ner income (expenses) + Sha	re of profit of
	1 Renminbi	15.6 yen		16.5 yen			for using the equity method	io oi pioni oi
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FY20 Operating Profit Analysis Adjusted OP: Fixed cost reduction and others partially offset decreased sales due to factors including COVID-19 impact • Other income/loss: Promoted business portfolio reform, recorded gains from business transfer and restructuring expenses Other income/loss Business transfe 122 6 Restructuring (yen: billions) (1) FY20 -115.5 expenses, etc. **Fixed cost** (Total) 7.1 Sales increase/decrease +30.6 (2) FY19 One-time gains, etc. 84.5 in real terms Effect of -77.4 Deconsolidation exchange Price declines/ Other impact 411.5 rationalization/ (Automotive (Others) rates -89.0 +62.5 -13.3 income/loss Batteries) sales mix, etc. -11.8 -77.4 -31.9 +43.2 Housing business, etc. 293.8 China/COVID-19 impact, etc. Adjusted OP: -40.3 **FY19** FY20 OP: -117.7

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FY20 Results by Segment (Full-Year):

Comparison with FY20(e) as of February 3, 2020, without factoring in COVID-19 impact

- Adjusted operating profit: COVID-19 mainly impacted Appliances and Connected Solutions
- Other income/loss: Increased gains from business transfer, etc. despite impairment loss and others affected by COVID-19

(yen: billions)	Sales	Vs. FY19 (In real terms excl. effect of exchange rates)	vs. FY20(e)	Adjusted OP	vs. FY19	vs. FY20(e)	Other income/ loss	vs. FY19	vs. FY20(e)	ОР	vs. FY19	vs. FY20(e)
Appliances	2,592.6	-6% (-4%)	-97.4	71.1	-12.5	-12.9	-15.4	-17.4	-7.9	55.7	-29.9	-20.8
Life Solutions	1,912.5	-6% (-6%)	-47.5	98.1	+8.2	-1.9	81.7	+107.0	+7.2	179.8	+115.2	+5.3
Connected Solutions	1,035.7	-8% (-6%)	-74.3	76.2	-23.7	-4.8	16.0	+21.5	-2.0	92.2	-2.2	-6.8
Automotive	1,482.4	-3% (-1%)	-27.6	-30.5	-18.7	+9.0	-16.1	-15.8	-11.6	-46.6	-34.5	-2.6
Industrial Solutions	1,282.7	-10% (-7%)	-17.3	37.6	-25.9	-2.4	-33.0	-38.1	-6.0	4.6	-64.0	-8.4
Other	295.4	-4%	-4.6	9.7	+5.7	+7.7	-2.1	+0.2	-0.1	7.6	+5.9	+7.6
Eliminations & adjustments	-1,110.7	-	+59.3	24.5	+26.6	-8.0	-24.0	-134.8	+27.5	0.5	-108.2	+19.5
Total	7,490.6	-6%	-209.4	286.7	-40.3	-13.3	7.1	-77.4	+7.1	293.8	-117.7	-6.2
Appliances (Production and sales consolidated)	2,649.3	-6% (-4%)	-110.7	68.2	-13.0	-15.8	-15.3	-17.3	-7.8	52.9	-30.3	-23.6
Panasonic	Fiscal 2020 Finance	cial Results										4

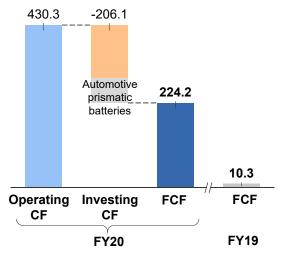
		Major increase/decrease factors
	Sales	Decreased overall due to decreased sales in Smart Life Network and COVID-19 impact, despite sales increase in air-conditioners
AP	OP	Decreased due to decreased sales in Smart Life Network, COVID-19 impact, restructuring expenses an others, despite profit increases with Home Appliances in Japan, as well as air-conditioners
	Sales	Decreased due mainly to deconsolidation impact of Panasonic Homes, etc., despite steady sales such a electrical construction materials and Housing Systems
LS	OP	Increased due to profit increase in housing-related businesses such as Housing Systems, along with recording gains from business transfer
CNS	Sales	Decreased due to decreased sales in Process Automation and Avionics, as well as COVID-19 impact or all businesses
CNS	OP	Decreased due to decreased sales resulting mainly from COVID-19 impact, despite profit increases in Mobile Solutions and PSSJ*, as well as gains from business transfer
AM	Sales	Decreased due to investment effect of production expansion for Automotive Batteries being unable to offset decreased sales resulting from market slowdown, COVID-19 impact, and product cycle trend of Automotive Solutions
	OP	Decreased due mainly to increased fixed costs for automotive prismatic batteries, increased development expenses to onboard charging systems for orders received in Europe, and goodwill impairment, despite significantly improved profitability of automotive cylindrical batteries
IS	Sales	Decreased due mainly to trade friction between the U.S. and China, along with COVID-19 impact
	OP	Decreased due mainly to decreased sales and impairment loss of semiconductor business

FCF and Cash

• <u>FCF</u>: Improved significantly from FY19

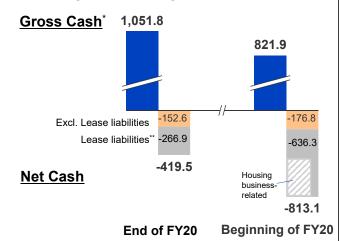
 Contributed by investment control and reduction of inventories, as well as business transfer and other factors

(yen: billions)



· Cash: Ensured sufficient liquidity

- Gross cash: Secured over 1 trillion yen.
 In addition, entered into commitment line agreements (total of 700.0 billion yen) to secure a means of stable financing
- Net cash: Improved significantly due to FCF improvement and reduction of lease liabilities through business reorganization



- * Total of cash "cash and cash equivalents" and time deposits and others included in "other financial assets"
- ** Lease liabilities by applying IFRS 16

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Business Portfolio Reform Progress

- Promoted Co-creation initiatives (automotive prismatic battery, town development, and security systems)
- Set a firm direction for loss-making businesses including semiconductors, liquid crystal display panels, and solar

Enhance competitiveness through Co-creation

Automotive prismatic battery business

- Established Prime Planet Energy & Solutions Inc., a joint venture with Toyota Motor Corporation (April 1, 2020)

Town development business

- Established Prime Life Technologies Corporation, a joint venture with Toyota Motor Corporation (January 7, 2020)

Security systems business

Announced strategic co-investment with Polaris Capital Group Co., Ltd. (May 31, 2019).
 Completed reorganization (November, 2019)

Semiconductor business

- Announced transfer of semiconductor business (November 28, 2019). Scheduled to complete in June 2020. (subject to approval from relevant authorities)
- *Announced transfer part of discrete semiconductor business (April 23, 2019). Completed end-November, 2019.

Liquid crystal display panel business

- Announced end of production of liquid crystal display panels by 2021 (November 21, 2019)

Improve profitability

Solar business

- Announced optimization of development & production capability (May 9, 2019).
- To be completed subject to approval from relevant authorities.
- Announced to wind down production in Buffalo, NY, USA. (February 26, 2020). Scheduled to cease production by the end of May 2020 and exit the facility by the end of September 2020.

TV business

- Aim to eliminate losses during FY22 through structural reform.
 (Terminated TV production in Mexico at the end of July 2019)

Lighting business

Announced share transfer of European lighting device company (February 5, 2020).
 Transfer completed (late February 2020)

Note: Changes after 3Q announcement are underlined

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FY20 Review

Pursued steady execution of business portfolio reform

- Promoted co-creation
- Set the direction for loss-making businesses

Enhanced management structure

- · Reduced fixed costs
- Improved cash flows

Panasonic Fiscal 2020 Financial Results

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Outlook for FY2021

- Response to spread of COVID-19
- Factors affecting financial performance:
 - (1) COVID-19 impact on businesses (FY21 1Q)
 - (2) Initiatives to improve profitability

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Response to spread of COVID-19

Securing health and safety of various stakeholders (customers, business partners, employees and others)

- In accordance with laws and policies in nations and regions, executing initiatives toward preventing further spread of disease as the highest priority [Initiatives]
 - > Implementing basic policy of working from home as much as possible by employees who
 - Taking measures to prevent infection in manufacturing fronts (in addition, taking thorough safety measures in case of outbreak)
- Helping to solve social concerns by utilizing group resources, providing products and services as well as medical supplies, etc. [Initiatives]

Contributing to society

- > [Japan] Providing supplies suitable for medical repurposing, production of face masks, and increasing battery production for medical equipment, etc.
- > [Overseas] Providing supplies suitable for each nation's situations such as in China, Asia, Europe and the U.S. (Panasonic products including air-conditioners, Ziaino air purifier/sterilizers, etc., services, batteries for medical equipment, face masks, protective gears, resin materials, etc.)

Business Continuity **Planning** (BCP)

- Promoting countermeasures to fulfill the Company's social responsibilities [Initiatives]
 - Making best efforts to prevent spread of infection at factories while fulfilling a supplier's responsibility
 - Taking initiatives to maintain and secure supply chain
 - Ensuring liquidity in case of prolonging COVID-19 impact

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AP

LS

CNS

AM

IS

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Factors Affecting Financial Performance: (1) COVID-19 Impact on Businesses (FY21 1Q)

Demand: Impact expanding beyond China due to weak market conditions of automobile and aviation industries, and restrictions on movements within various nations

Supply: While supply chain issues in China are gradually being solved, impact of temporary factory suspensions, due to lockdowns in Asia, etc. Changes after FY20 4Q are underlined

Demand: Decreased mainly in Japan, Europe and Asia, due to restrictions on movement and lockdowns, etc. Supply : Air-conditioners, TVs and others were impacted by temporary suspension of factories in Malaysia, India, etc.

Demand: In Japan, major impact comes mainly from weak market conditions and postponed construction. In overseas markets (e.g. India), demand decreased due to lockdowns

Supply: Temporary suspension of factories in India, Malaysia and Mexico impacted wiring devices and ventilating fans, etc.

Demand: Decreased by the impact of weakening aviation and automobile industries, as well as entertainment industry, resulting from event cancellations

Supply: Impacted by lower utilization at factories such as those in Asia due to lockdowns and parts and components procurement issues

Demand: Sharp decrease impacted by customers temporarily suspending operations at factories in light of lockdowns and other concerns

Supply: Sharp decline in demand impacted production and utilization for Automotive Solutions and cylindrical batteries. Automotive Solutions also impacted by parts and components procurement issues

Demand: Decreased for automotive-usage, while impact on industrial-usage was limited Supply: Motors and capacitors were impacted due to temporary suspension of factories such as those in Asia in light of lockdowns along with parts and components procurement issues

Note: Names of each Segment are as follows:

AP: Appliances, LS: Life Solutions, CNS: Connected Solutions, AM: Automotive, IS: Industrial Solutions

Factors Affecting Financial Performance (2) Initiatives to Improve Profitability

■ Enhancement of management structure

- Fixed cost reduction
- Taking measures to businesses with loss-making structures
- Achieve profitability with automotive business
- Continue and accelerate business portfolio reform



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The risks, uncertainties and other factors referred to above include, but are not limited to, economic conditions, particularly consumer spending and corporate capital expenditures in the Americas, Europe, Japan, China and other Asian countries; volatility in demand for electronic equipment and components from business and industrial customers, as well as consumers in many product and geographical markets; the possibility that excessive currency rate fluctuations of the U.S. dollar, the euro, the Chinese yuan and other currencies against the yen may adversely affect costs and prices of Panasonic's products and services and certain other transactions that are denominated in these foreign currencies; the possibility of the Panasonic Group incurring additional costs of raising funds, because of changes in the fund raising environment; the possibility of the Panasonic Group not being able to respond to rapid technological changes and changing consumer preferences with timely and cost-effective introductions of new products in markets that are highly competitive in terms of both price and technology; the possibility of not achieving expected results or incurring unexpected losses in connection with the alliances or mergers and acquisitions; the possibility of not achieving expected results or incurring unexpected losses in connection with the alliances or mergers and acquisitions; the possibility of not being able to achieve its business objectives through joint ventures and other collaborative agreements with other companies, including due to the pressure of price reduction exceeding that which can be achieved by its effort and decrease in demand for products from business partners which Panasonic highly depends on in BtoB business areas; the possibility of the Panasonic Group not being able to maintain competitive strength in many product and geographical areas; the possibility of incurring expenses resulting from any defects in products or services of the Panasonic Group; the possibility that the Panasonic Group

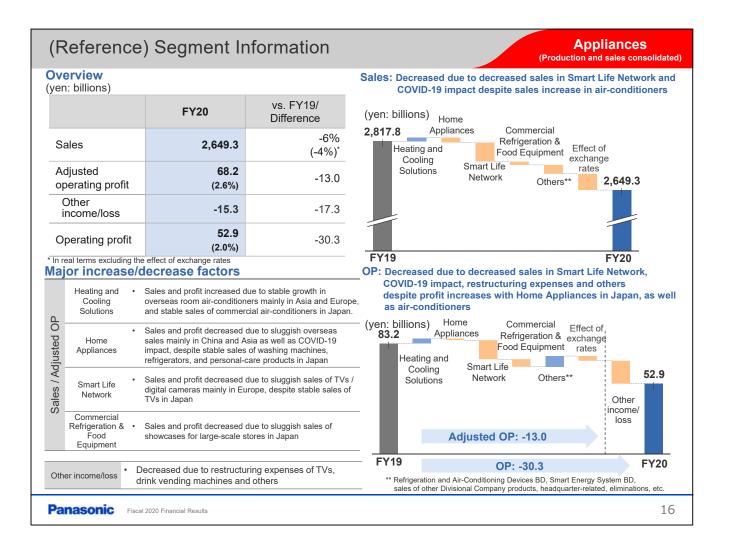
(Reference) FY20 Full-Year Operating Profit & Net Profit

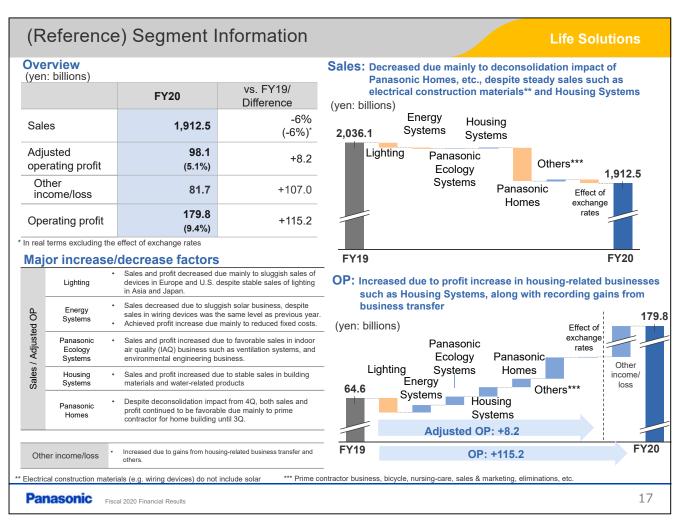
(yen: billions)

	FY20	FY19	vs. FY19 Difference
Operating profit	293.8	411.5	-117.7
Non-operating income/loss	-2.7	5.0	-7.7
Profit before income taxes	291.1	416.5	-125.4
Income taxes	-51.1	-113.8	+62.7
Net profit	240.0	302.7	-62.7
Net profit attributable to Panasonic Corporation stockholders	225.7	284.1	-58.4
Net profit attributable to non-controlling interests	14.3	18.6	-4.3

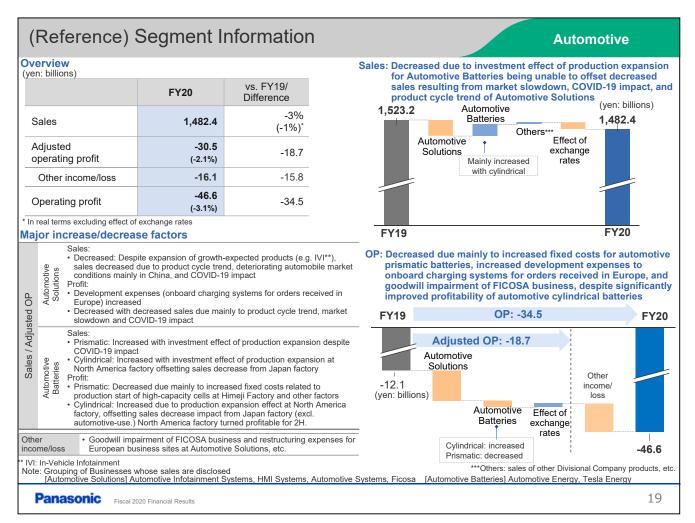
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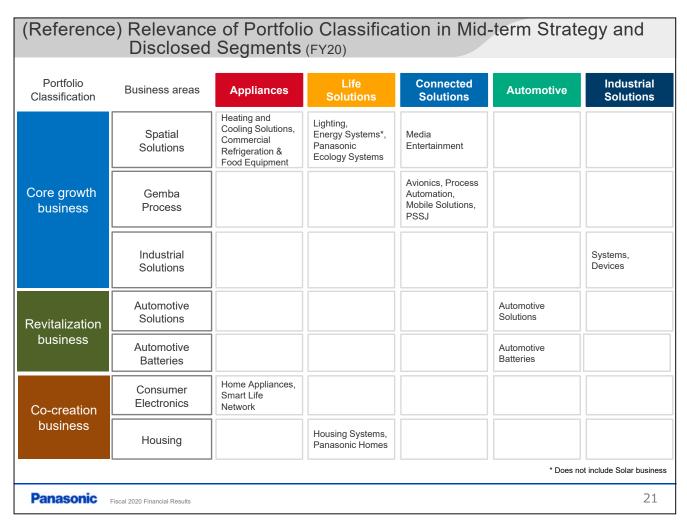




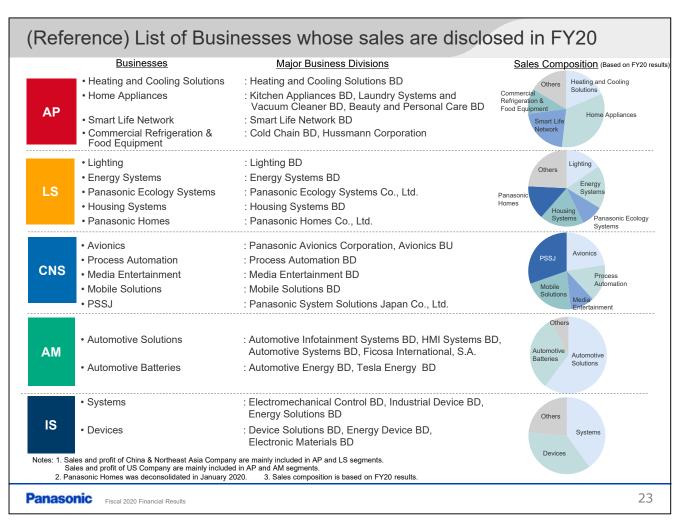
(Reference) Segment Information **Connected Solutions** Overview (yen: billions) Sales: Decreased due to decreased sales in Process Automation and Avionics, as well as COVID-19 impact on all businesses vs. FY19/ **FY20** Difference (yen: billions) Process -8% 1,127.7 1,035.7 Sales Automation Mobile $(-6\%)^*$ Solutions Others**** Avionics Adjusted 76.2 -23.7 PSSJ 1.035.7 operating profit Media (7.4%)Entertainment Effect of Other income/loss 16.0 +21.5 exchange rates 92.2 Operating profit -2.2 (8.9%)* In real terms excluding the effect of exchange rates Major increase/decrease factors **FY19** Sales and profit decreased due to sales decrease of IFEC** OP: Decreased due to decreased sales resulting mainly from Avionics hardware resulting mainly from held-back investment in some airline companies impact of COVID-19, despite profit increases in Mobile Sales and profit decreased: - Capital investment stagnation resulting from trade friction Solutions and PSSJ, as well as gains from business transfer (ven: billions) Process between U.S. and China OP Automation Decreased sales in mounting machines due to 94.4 92.2 held-back investment in automobile industry, in addition to 'Adjusted Media COVID-19 impact **Entertainment** Sales and profit decreased: - Fixed costs reduction efforts were unable to offset sales PSSJ Others**** Media Avionics decrease in major products, such as projectors and production Entertainment Sales / cameras Effect of Other Process Sales decreased due to COVID-19 impact despite special demand with end of Windows 7 support leading to sales Mobile exchange income Mobile Automation Solutions rates Solutions expansion of PCs in Japan Profit increased due mainly to fixed cost reductions Sales and profit increased due to sales expansion of solution business arising from Olympic-related projects and PC PSSJ" Adjusted OP: -23.7 replacement demand Increased due to gains from security system business transfer Other income/loss and others **FY20 FY19** OP: -2.2 IFEC (Inflight entertainment and connectivity) ides other businesses, eliminations **Panasonic** 18 Fiscal 2020 Financial Results



(Reference) Segment Information **Industrial Solutions** Sales: Decreased due mainly to trade friction between (yen: billions) the U.S. and China, along with COVID-19 impact vs. FY19/ FY20 (yen: billions) 1,422.3 Difference -10% Sales 1,282.7 $(-7\%)^*$ Systems Devices Others** 1,282.7 Adjusted 37.6 -25.9 operating profit (2.9%)Effect of exchange Other income/loss -33.0 -38.1 4.6 Operating profit -64.0(0.4%)* In real terms excluding the effect of exchange rates **FY19** FY20 Major increase/decrease factors Sales and profit decreased due mainly to held-back capital OP: Decreased due mainly to decreased sales and investment in China and sluggish sales of FA sensors, motors and relays impacted by COVID-19, and shrinkage impairment loss of semiconductor business Systems of rechargeable battery business for ICT-use, despite 9 (yen: billions) 68.6 steady growth in automotive power supplies and storage usted battery systems for data centers Sales and profit decreased due to downturn in passive Adju components (e.g. capacitors) mainly impacted by weak Other income/ loss market conditions in China, despite steady expansion of Devices circuit board materials for 5G infrastructure and automotive Systems Sale Effect of Devices Others* Profit improved due to contract alteration in semiconductor exchange Others business despite decreased sales resulting from rates deteriorated market conditions Impairment loss related to decision on 4.6 Other income/loss Adjusted OP: -25.9 semiconductor business transfer, etc. Note: Grouping of Businesses whose sales are disclosed FY20 **FY19** [Systems] Electromechanical Control, Industrial Device, Energy Solutions ** Includes semiconductor, LCD, sales of other Divisional Company products, eliminations, etc [Devices] Device Solutions, Energy Device, Electronic Materials **Panasonic** 20 Fiscal 2020 Financial Results



			(yen: billions)
Business area		FY20 results	vs. FY19
	Sales	1,920.5	-43.9
Spatial Solutions	Adjusted OP (Adjusted OPM)	113.8 (5.9%)	-4.1
Solutions	EBITDA (EBITDA margin)	142.4 (7.4%)	-22.6
	Sales	886.8	-69.7
Gemba	Adjusted OP (Adjusted OPM)	68.2 (7.7%)	-19.4
Process	EBITDA (EBITDA margin)	86.8 (9.8%)	-14.8
	Sales	972.3	-108.5
Industrial Solutions	Adjusted OP (Adjusted OPM)	52.2 (5.4%)	-33.8
Solutions	EBITDA (EBITDA margin)	97.2 (10.0%)	-53.8
	Sales	3,779.6	-222.1
Core growth business	Adjusted OP (Adjusted OPM)	234.2 (6.2%)	-57.4
total	EBITDA (EBITDA margin)	326.5 (8.6%)	-91.2



Reference) List of Sub-segments (formerly Businesses whose sales are disclosed) in FY21 Sub-segments Major Business Divisions, etc. · Heating and Cooling Solutions : Heating and Cooling Solutions BD Home AppliancesSmart Life Network : Kitchen Appliances BD, Laundry Systems and Vacuum Cleaner BD, Beauty and Personal Care BD Smart Life Network BD AP Commercial Refrigeration & : Cold Chain BD. Hussmann Corporation Food Equipment : Refrigeration and Air-Conditioning Devices BD, Smart Energy System BD, sales of other Divisional Company products, headquarter-related, eliminations, etc. Others Lighting : Lighting BD Energy Systems : Energy Systems BD Panasonic Ecology Systems : Panasonic Ecology Systems Co., Ltd. Housing Systems Housing Systems BD Others Bicycle, nursing-care, sales & marketing, eliminations, etc. Panasonic Avionics Corporation, Avionics BU Avionics Process Automation BD Process Automation Media Entertainment : Media Entertainment BD **CNS** Mobile Solutions : Mobile Solutions BD PSSJ : Panasonic System Solutions Japan Co., Ltd. Others : Other businesses, eliminations, etc. Automotive Solutions : Automotive Infotainment Systems BD, HMI Systems BD, Automotive Systems BD, Ficosa International, S.A. **AM** Automotive Batteries : Tesla Energy BD, etc. : Sales of other Divisional Company products, etc. Others : Electromechanical Control BD, Industrial Device BD, Energy Solutions BD Systems IS Devices : Device Solutions BD, Energy Device BD, Electronic Materials BD Others : Semiconductor, LCD, sales of other Divisional Company products, eliminations, etc. · Sales of raw materials, etc. Revenues and expenses which are not attributable to any reportable segments for the purpose of evaluating operating results of each segment, consolidation adjustments, and eliminations of intersegment transactions. Notes: 1. Sales and profit of China & Northeast Asia Company are mainly included in AP and LS segments. Sales and profit of US Company are mainly included in AP and AM segments. 2. Panasonic Homes was deconsolidated in January 2020. Automotive Energy BD was deconsolidated in April 2020. Share of profit of investments accounted for using the equity method for Prime Life Technologies Corporation and Prime Planet Energy & Solutions Inc. included in "Eliminations & adjustments" and "AM segment" respectively. adjustments" and "AM segment," respectively

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